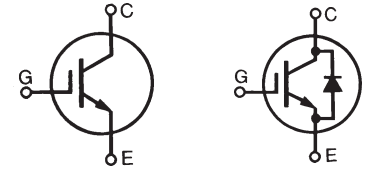


HiPerFAST™ High Speed IGBT C2-Class w/ Diode

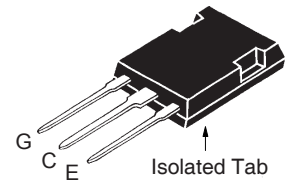
IXGR50N60C2 IXGR50N60C2D1

$V_{CES} = 600V$
 $I_{C110} = 36A$
 $V_{CE(sat)} \leq 2.7V$
 $t_{fi(typ)} = 48ns$



Symbol	Test Conditions	Maximum Ratings	
V_{CES}	$T_J = 25^\circ C$ to $150^\circ C$	600	V
V_{CGR}	$T_J = 25^\circ C$ to $150^\circ C$, $R_{GE} = 1M\Omega$	600	V
V_{GES}	Continuous	± 20	V
V_{GEM}	Transient	± 30	V
I_{C25}	$T_C = 25^\circ C$ (Limited by Leads)	75	A
I_{C110}	$T_C = 110^\circ C$	36	A
I_{CM}	$T_C = 25^\circ C$, 1ms	300	A
SSOA (RBSOA)	$V_{GE} = 15V$, $T_{VJ} = 125^\circ C$, $R_G = 10\Omega$ Clamped Inductive Load	$I_{CM} = 100$ $V_{CE} \leq V_{CES}$	A
P_C	$T_C = 25^\circ C$	200	W
T_J		-55 ... +150	$^\circ C$
T_{JM}		150	$^\circ C$
T_{stg}		-55 ... +150	$^\circ C$
V_{ISOL}	50/60 Hz, RMS, t = 1minute	2500	V~
F_C	Mounting Force	20..120/4.5..27	N/lb
T_L	Maximum Lead Temperature for Soldering	300	$^\circ C$
T_{SOLD}	1.6mm (0.062 in.) from Case for 10s	260	$^\circ C$
Weight		5	g

ISOPLUS247™



G = Gate C = Collector
E = Emitter

Features

- Silicon Chip on Direct-Copper Bond (DCB) Substrate
- Isolated Mounting Surface
- 2500V Electrical Isolation
- Very High Frequency IGBT
- Square RBSOA
- Anti-Parallel Ultra Fast Diode
- High Current Handling Capability

Advantages

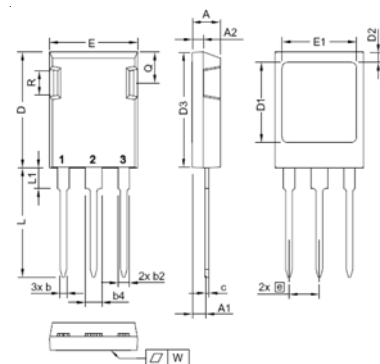
- High Power Density
- Low Gate Drive Requirement

Applications

- Switch-Mode and Resonant-Mode Power Supplies
- Uninterruptible Power Supplies (UPS)
- PFC Circuits
- AC Motor Drives
- DC Servo & Robot Drives
- DC Choppers

Symbol	Test Conditions ($T_J = 25^\circ C$, Unless Otherwise Specified)	Characteristic Values		
		Min.	Typ.	Max.
$V_{GE(th)}$	$I_C = 250\mu A$, $V_{CE} = V_{GE}$	3.0		5.5 V
I_{CES}	$V_{CE} = V_{CES}$, $V_{GE} = 0V$ $T_J = 125^\circ C$			650 μA 5 mA
I_{GES}	$V_{CE} = 0V$, $V_{GE} = \pm 20V$			± 100 nA
$V_{CE(sat)}$	$I_C = 40A$, $V_{GE} = 15V$, Note 1 $T_J = 125^\circ C$		1.8	2.7 V V

Symbol Test Conditions ($T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Unless Otherwise Specified)		Characteristic Values		
		Min.	Typ.	Max.
g_{fs}	$I_C = 40\text{A}, V_{CE} = 10\text{V}, \text{Note 1}$	40	51	S
C_{ies}	$V_{CE} = 25\text{V}, V_{GE} = 0\text{V}, f = 1\text{MHz}$		3700	pF
C_{oes}			290	pF
C_{res}			50	pF
$Q_{g(on)}$	$I_C = 40\text{A}, V_{GE} = 15\text{V}, V_{CE} = 0.5 \cdot V_{CES}$		138	nC
Q_{ge}			25	nC
Q_{gc}			40	nC
$t_{d(on)}$	Inductive load, $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $I_C = 40\text{A}, V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$		18	ns
t_{ri}			25	ns
$t_{d(off)}$	$V_{CE} = 0.8 \cdot V_{CES}, R_G = 2\Omega$ Note 2		115	150 ns
t_{fi}			48	ns
E_{off}		0.38	0.70	mJ
$t_{d(on)}$	Inductive load, $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ $I_C = 40\text{A}, V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$		18	ns
t_{ri}			25	ns
E_{on}	$V_{CE} = 0.8 \cdot V_{CES}, R_G = 2\Omega$ Note 2		1.4	mJ
$t_{d(off)}$			170	ns
t_{fi}		60	ns	
E_{off}		0.74	mJ	
R_{thJC}			0.62	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
R_{thCS}		0.15		$^\circ\text{C/W}$

ISOPLUS247 (IXGR) Outline


- 1 - Gate
- 2 - Collector
- 3 - Emitter

Dim.	Millimeter		Inches	
	min	max	min	max
A	4.83	5.21	0.190	0.205
A1	2.29	2.54	0.090	0.100
A2	1.91	2.16	0.075	0.085
b	1.14	1.40	0.045	0.055
b2	1.91	2.20	0.075	0.087
b4	2.92	3.24	0.115	0.128
c	0.61	0.83	0.024	0.033
D	20.80	21.34	0.819	0.840
D1	15.75	16.26	0.620	0.640
D2	1.65	2.15	0.065	0.085
D3	20.30	20.70	0.799	0.815
E	15.75	16.13	0.620	0.635
E1	13.21	13.72	0.520	0.540
e	5.45 BSC		0.215 BSC	
L	19.81	20.60	0.780	0.811
L1	3.81	4.38	0.150	0.172
Q	5.59	6.20	0.220	0.244
R	4.25	5.50	0.167	0.217
W	-	0.10	-	0.004

Reverse Diode (FRED)

Symbol Test Conditions ($T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Unless Otherwise Specified)		Characteristic Values		
		Min.	Typ.	Max.
V_F	$I_F = 60\text{A}, V_{GE} = 0\text{V}, \text{Note 1}$			2.1 V
			$T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$	1.4 V
I_{RM}	$I_F = 60\text{A}, V_{GE} = 0\text{V}, -di_F/dt = 100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}, T_J = 100^\circ\text{C}$ $V_R = 100\text{V}$			8.3 A
t_{rr}	$I_F = 1\text{A}, -di/dt = 200\text{A}/\mu\text{s}, V_R = 30\text{V}$		35	ns
R_{thJC}				0.85 $^\circ\text{C/W}$

Notes:

- Pulse test, $t \leq 300\mu\text{s}$, duty cycle, $d \leq 2\%$.
- Switching times & energy losses may increase for higher $V_{CE}(\text{clamp})$, T_J or R_G .

IXYS Reserves the Right to Change Limits, Test conditions, and Dimensions.

IXYS MOSFETs and IGBTs are covered by one or more of the following U.S. patents:	4,835,592	4,931,844	5,049,961	5,237,481	6,162,665	6,404,065 B1	6,683,344	6,727,585	7,005,734 B2	7,157,338B2
	4,860,072	5,017,508	5,063,307	5,381,025	6,259,123 B1	6,534,343	6,710,405 B2	6,759,692	7,063,975 B2	
	4,881,106	5,034,796	5,187,117	5,486,715	6,306,728 B1	6,583,505	6,710,463	6,771,478 B2	7,071,537	

Fig. 1. Output Characteristics
@ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$

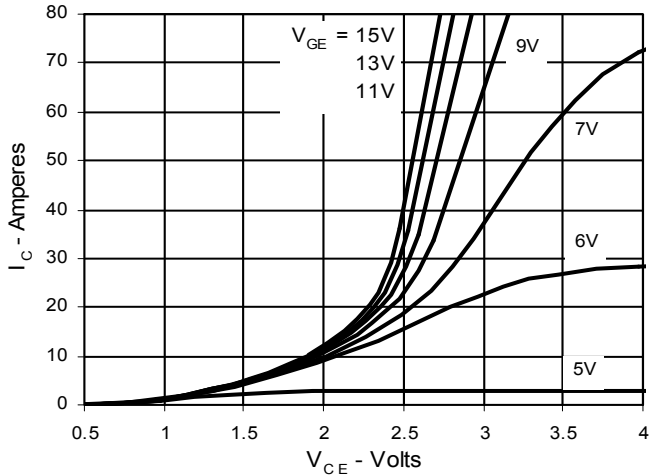


Fig. 2. Extended Output Characteristics
@ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$

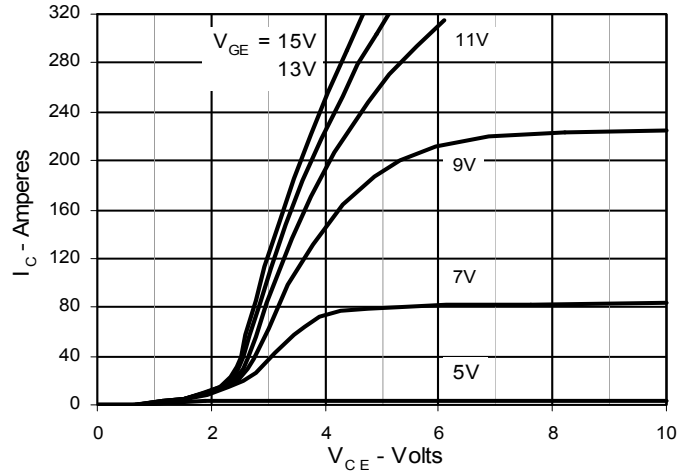


Fig. 3. Output Characteristics
@ $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$

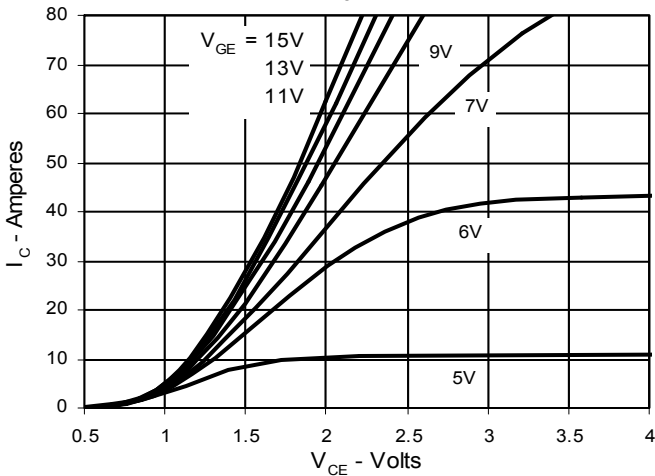


Fig. 4. Dependence of $V_{CE(sat)}$ on Temperature

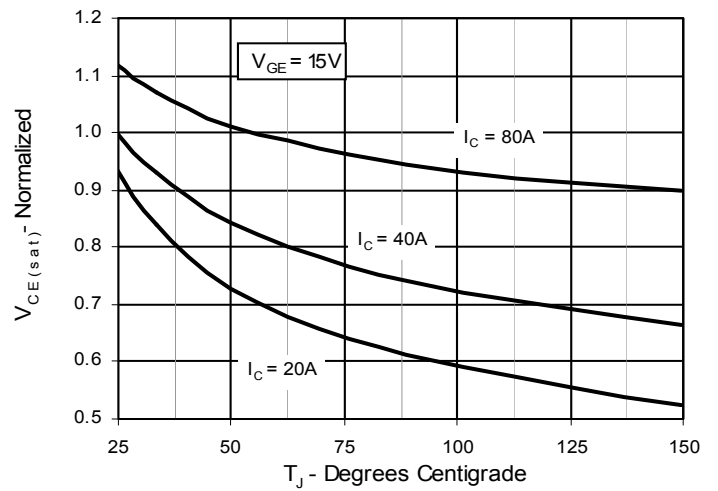


Fig. 5. Collector-to-Emitter Voltage vs. Gate-to-Emitter voltage

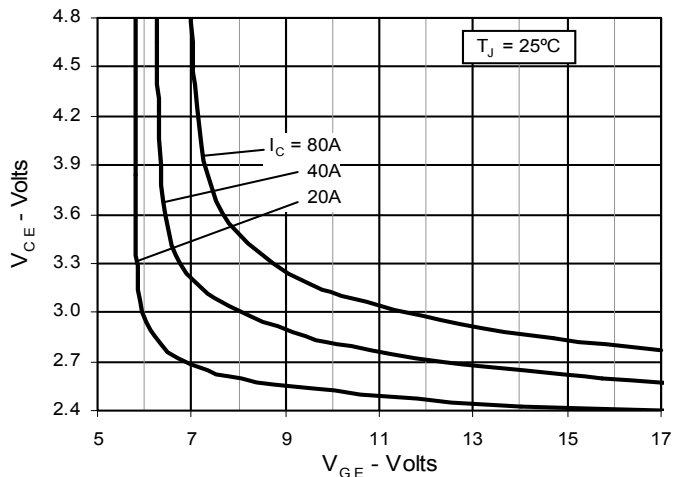


Fig. 6. Input Admittance

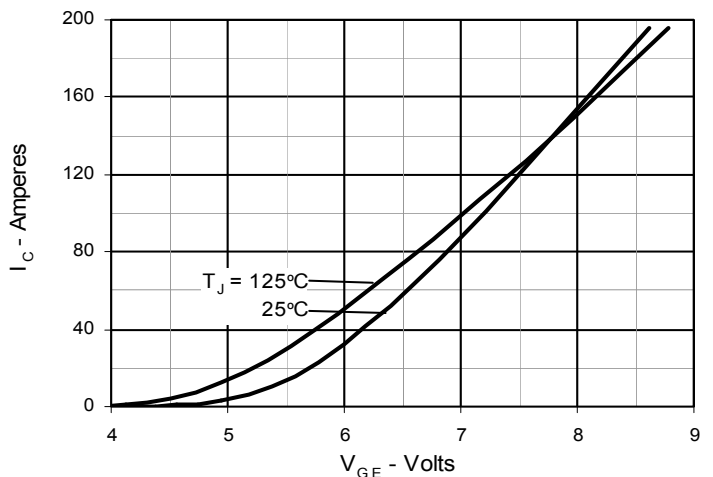


Fig. 7. Transconductance

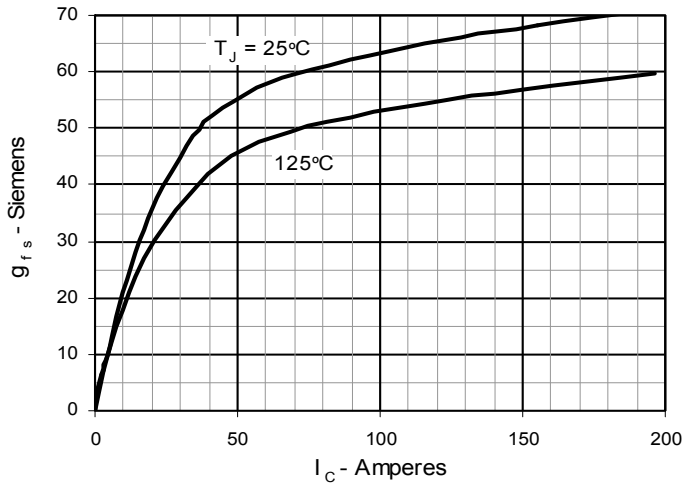


Fig. 8. Dependence of Turn-Off Energy on R_G

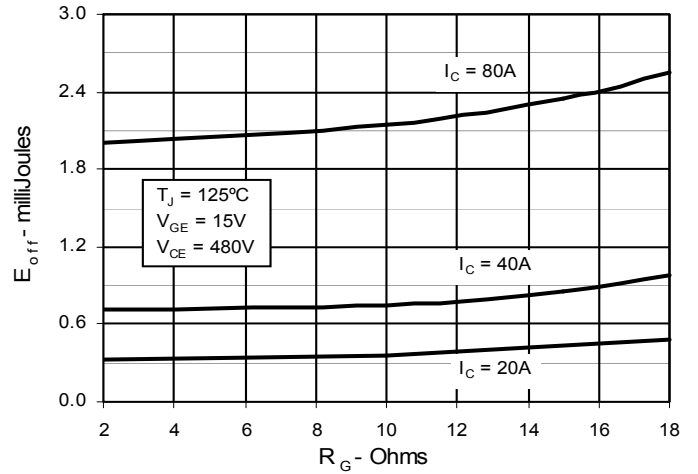


Fig. 9. Dependence of Turn-Off Energy on I_C

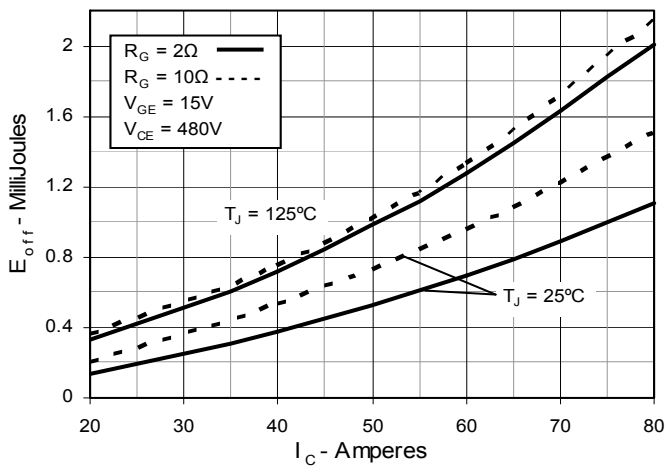


Fig. 10. Dependence of Turn-Off Energy on Temperature

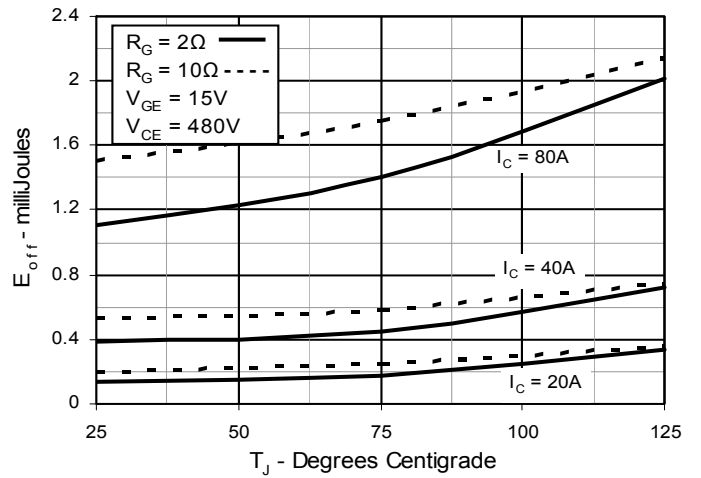


Fig. 11. Dependence of Turn-Off Switching Time on R_G

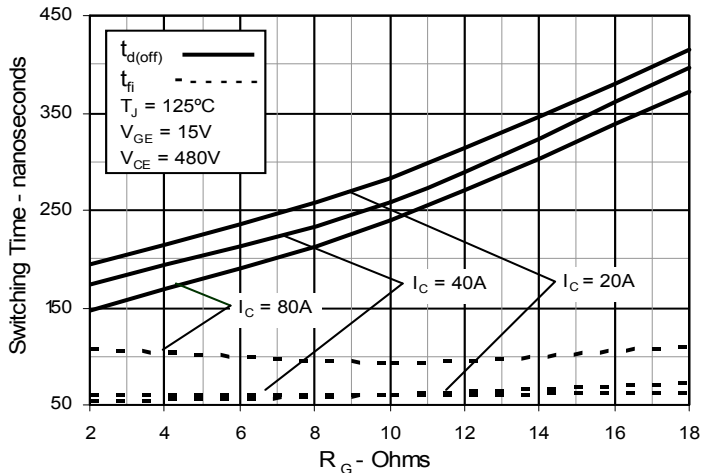


Fig. 12. Dependence of Turn-Off Switching Time on I_C

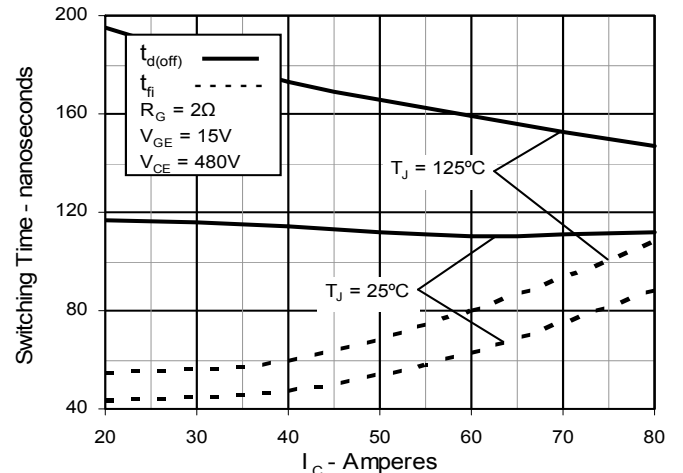


Fig. 13. Dependence of Turn-Off Switching Time on Temperature

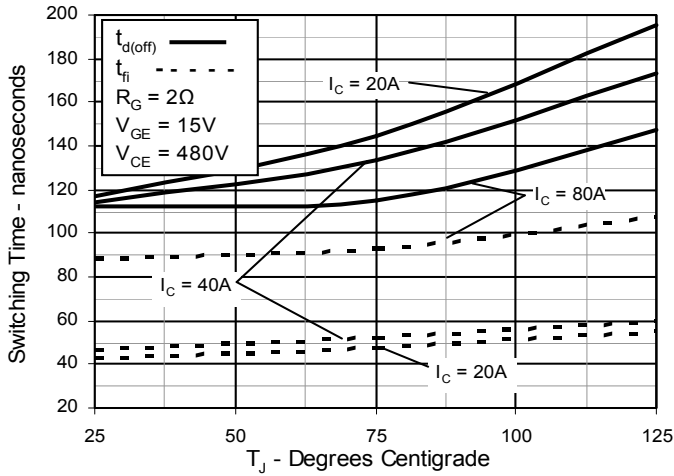


Fig. 14. Reverse-Bias Safe Operating Area

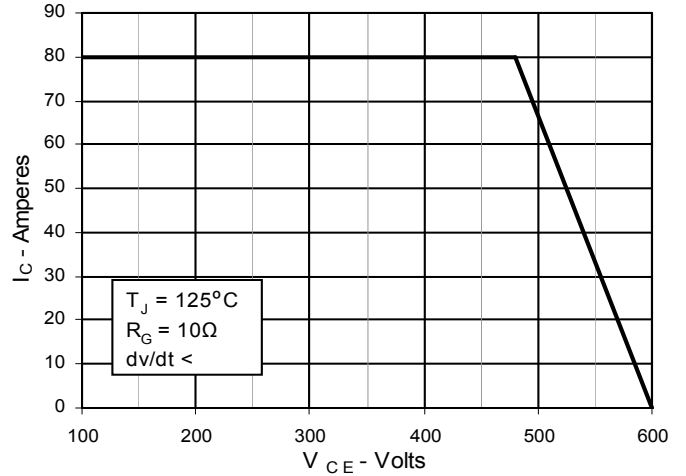


Fig. 15. Gate Charge

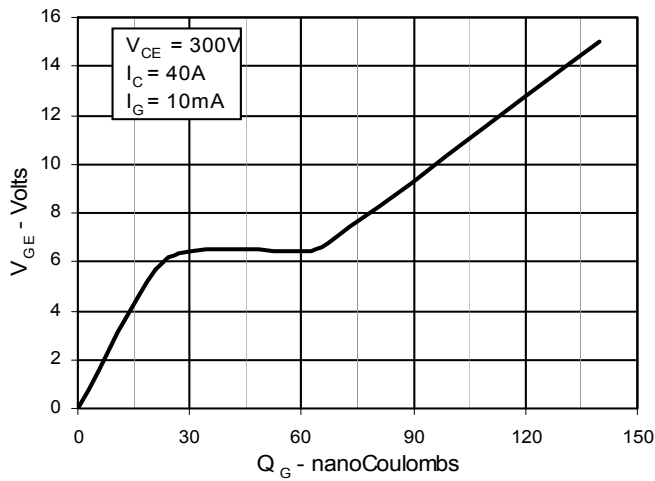


Fig. 16. Capacitance

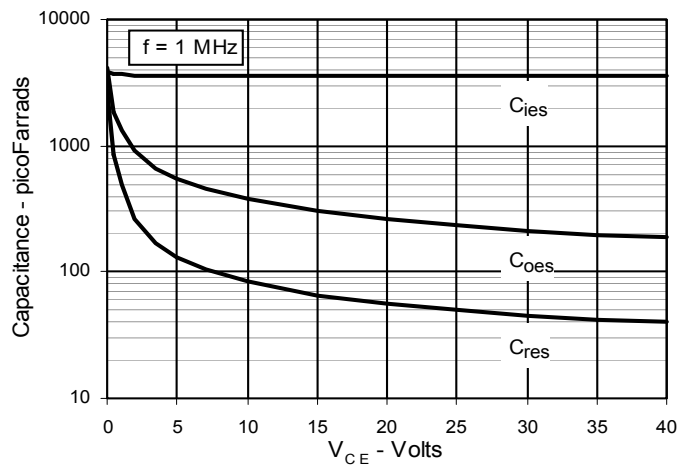
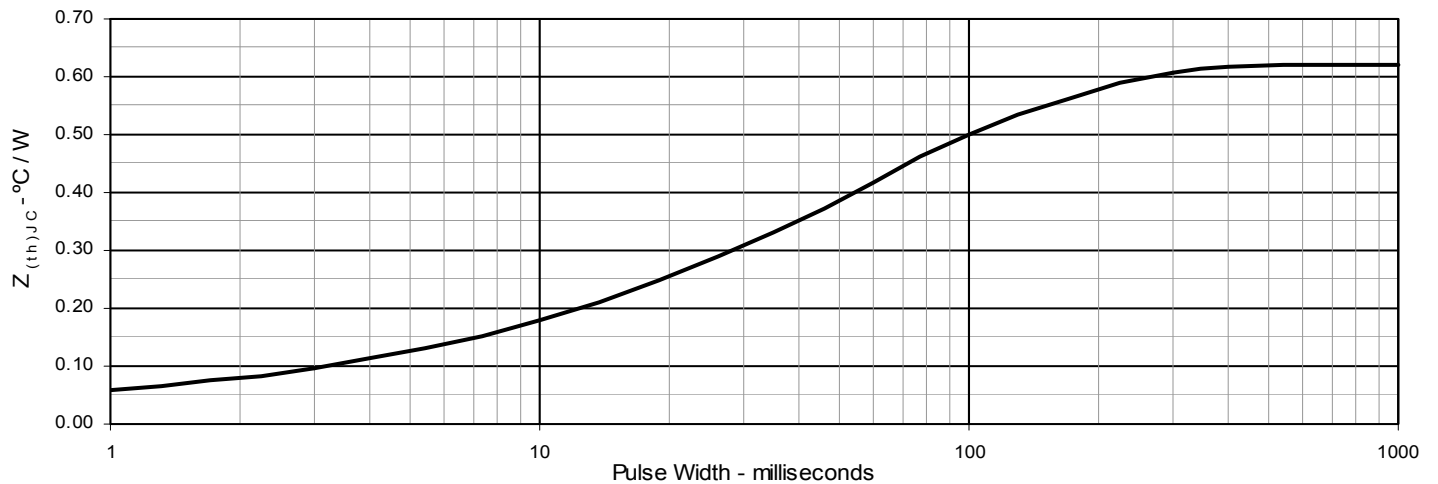


Fig. 17. Maximum Transient Thermal Resistance



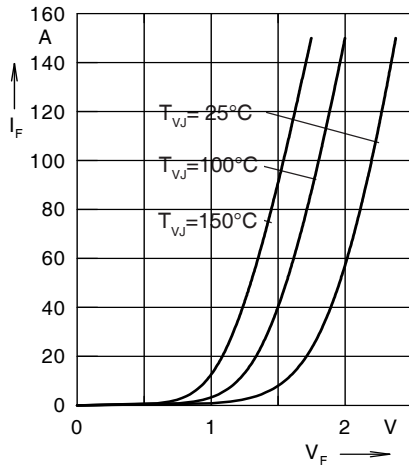


Fig. 18 Forward current I_F versus V_F

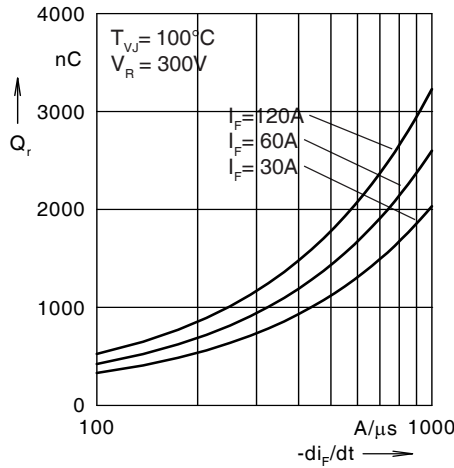


Fig. 19 Reverse recovery charge Q_r versus $-di_F/dt$

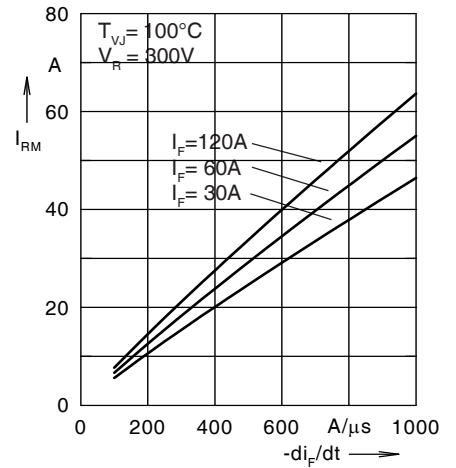


Fig. 20 Peak reverse current I_{RM} versus $-di_F/dt$

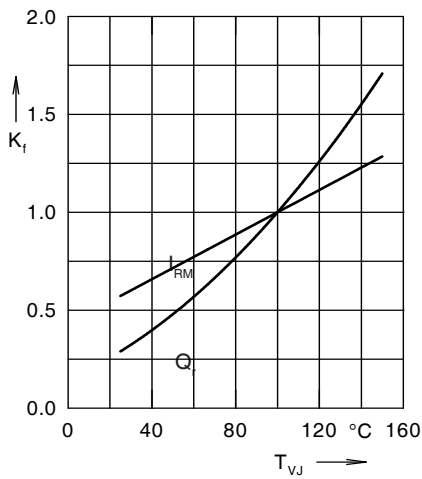


Fig. 21 Dynamic parameters Q_r , I_{RM} versus T_{VJ}

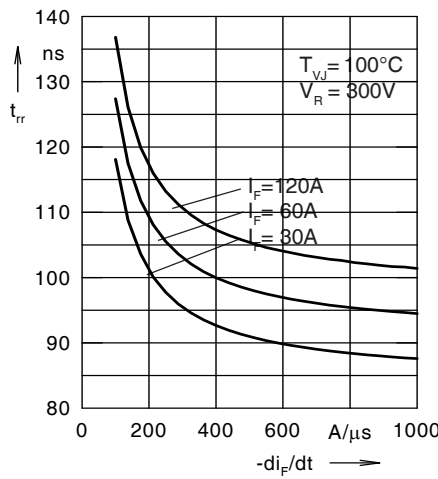


Fig. 22 Recovery time t_{rr} versus $-di_F/dt$

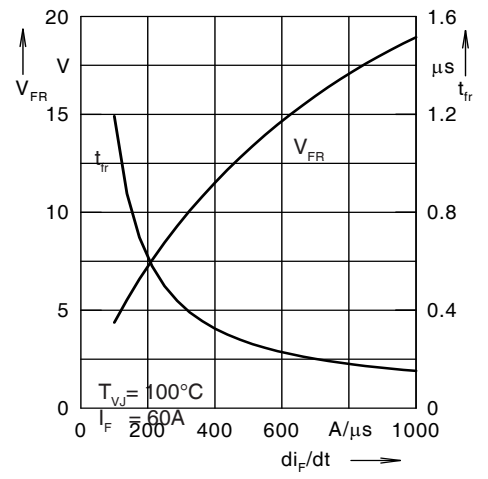


Fig. 23 Peak forward voltage V_{FR} and t_{tr} versus di_F/dt

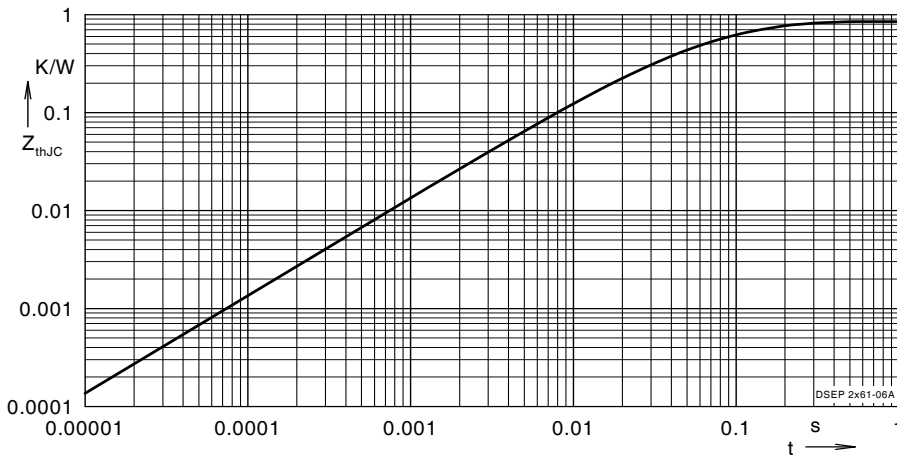


Fig. 24 Transient thermal resistance junction to case

Constants for Z_{thJC} calculation:

i	R_{thi} (K/W)	t_i (s)
1	0.3073	0.0055
2	0.3533	0.0092
3	0.0887	0.0007
4	0.1008	0.0399